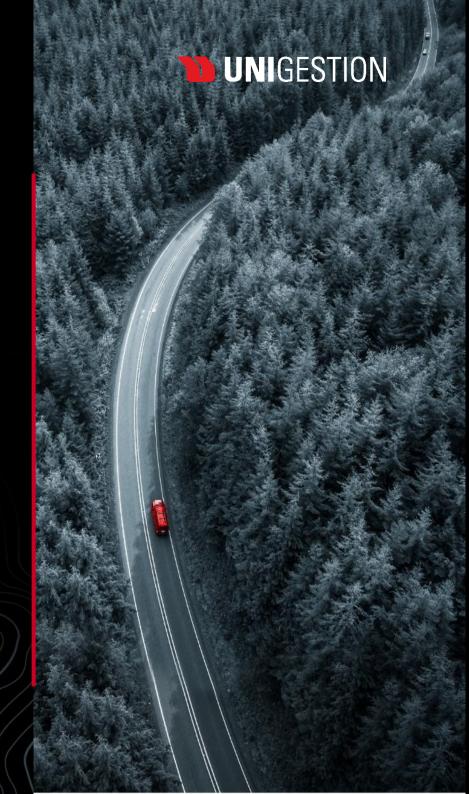
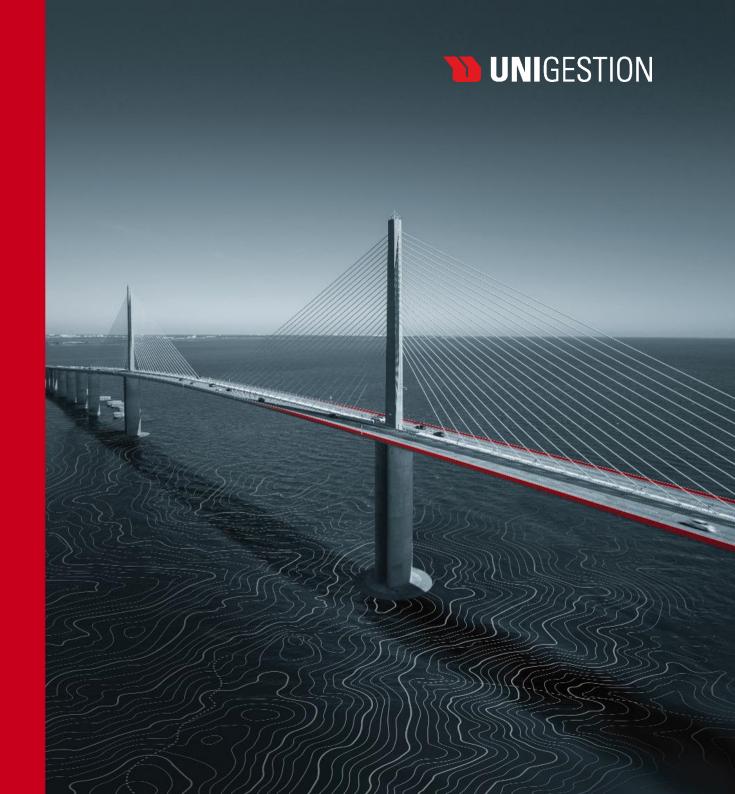


TABLE OF CONTENTS

EQUITIES	03
ESG	05
TCFD Reporting	15
Current Emissions	16
Fossil Fuels	21
Temperature Assessment	24
Physical Risk	29
SFDR Principal Adverse Impact Indicators	34
Engagement	40
SOVEREIGN	42
ESG	44
SFDR Principal Adverse Impact Indicators	50



Equities



PORTFOLIO INTRODUCTION



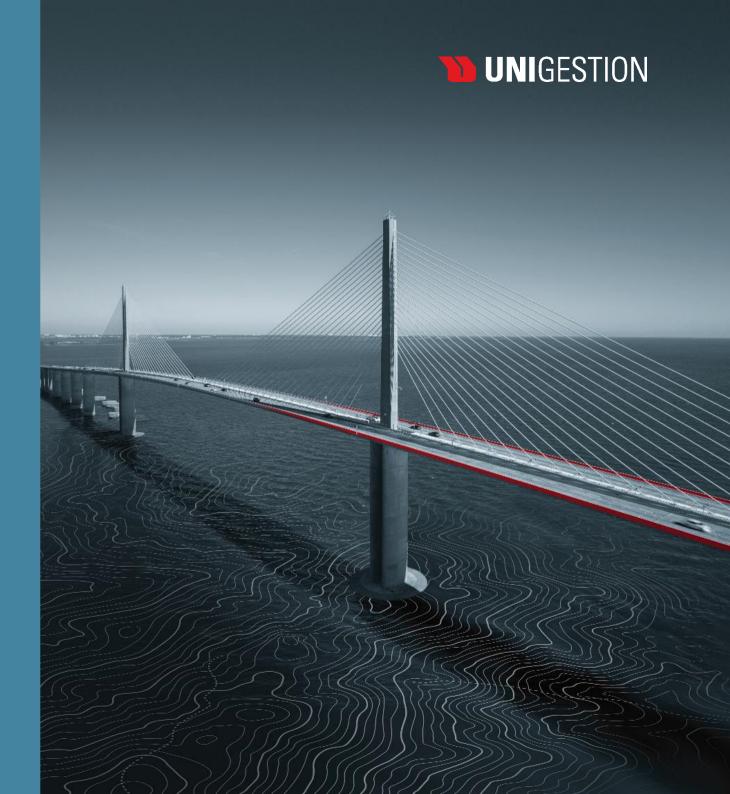
► Portfolio: **Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator**

▶ Benchmark: **MSCI All Countries World**

MSCI All Countries World Investment Universe:

USD Currency:

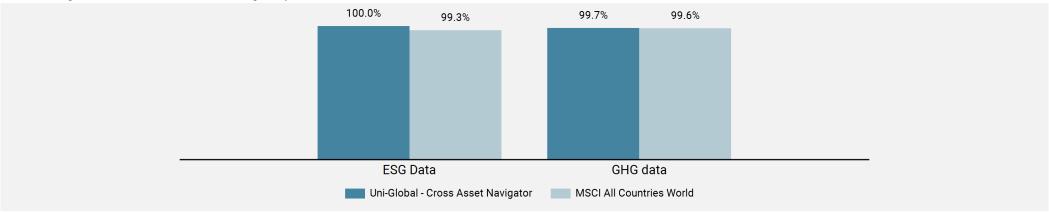




ESG AND GHG

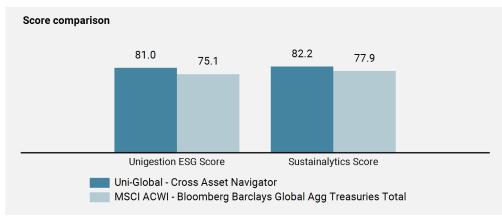
Data Coverage

Data coverage is defined as the sum of the weight in portfolio and index with available data for each vendor.



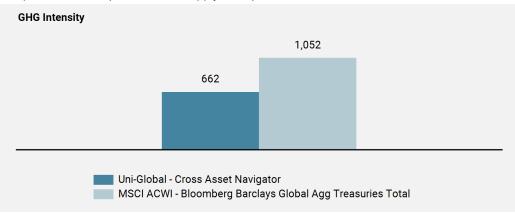
ESG Score and GHG Intensity

ESG Score for Equities is the weighted average of company weights in the fund / index and the ESG score by company.



Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics

Total carbon emission divided by revenues (tons of CO2 equivalent by USD millions of revenue). Scope 1 Emissions (Direct Emissions) + Scope 2 Emissions (Emissions of Energy Suppliers) + Scope 3 Emissions (Emissions of Supply Chain).



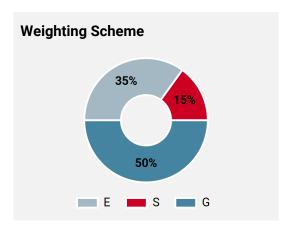
Source: Unigestion, TruCost

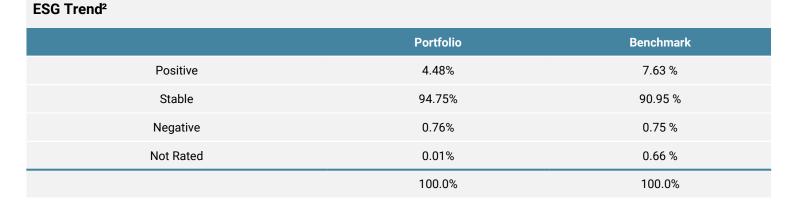


Material ESG Issues and Opportunities

ESG Score¹ by Pillar						
Score	Portfolio	Benchmark				
E	7.31	5.83				
S	6.67	5.18				
G	7.48	5.92				
ESG	7.43	5.81				
Coverage	100.0%	100.0%				







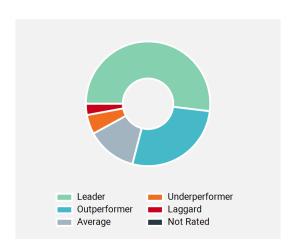
¹ Unigestion ESG Score (stock level) is a proprietary computation shown in percentile (10 is the best, 0 being the worst). The score is aggregated based on position weight.



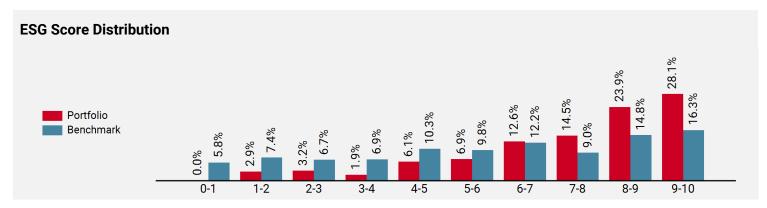
² Negative (positive) trend indicates downgrade (upgrade) in ESG score. If no noteworthy change, the trend is considered to be stable. Portfolio ESG trend is computed on position weight basis. Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.

Distribution of ESG Scores

ESG Score by Category						
	Portfolio	Benchmark				
Leader	51.92%	31.10 %				
Outperformer	27.13%	21.25 %				
Average	13.01%	20.12 %				
Underperformer	5.03%	13.59 %				
Laggard	2.90%	13.28 %				
Not Rated	0.01%	0.66 %				



ESG Score Breakdown by Sector								
Sector	Leader	Outperformer	Average	Underperformer	Laggard	Not Rated		
Communication Services	4.20%	1.98 %	0.48%	0.61%	-	0.01%		
Consumer Discretionary	7.45%	1.68 %	1.51%	0.12%	1.10%	-		
Consumer Staples	0.20%	0.88 %	0.91%	0.44%	0.35%	-		
Energy	-	-	0.50%	-	0.43%	-		
Financials	7.68%	9.23 %	0.51%	0.25%	-	-		
Health Care	1.60%	1.73 %	3.17%	0.38%	-	-		
Industrials	4.06%	6.56 %	2.52%	1.98%	0.81%	-		
Information Technology	19.40%	3.14 %	1.77%	0.52%	-	-		
Materials	1.50%	-	0.70%	0.72%	0.07%	-		
Real Estate	4.92%	0.32 %	-	-	-	-		
Utilities	0.92%	1.61 %	0.93%	-	0.13%	-		



Above table shows the ESG score distribution of the portfolio compared to that of the benchmark. Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



Best/Worst Contributors

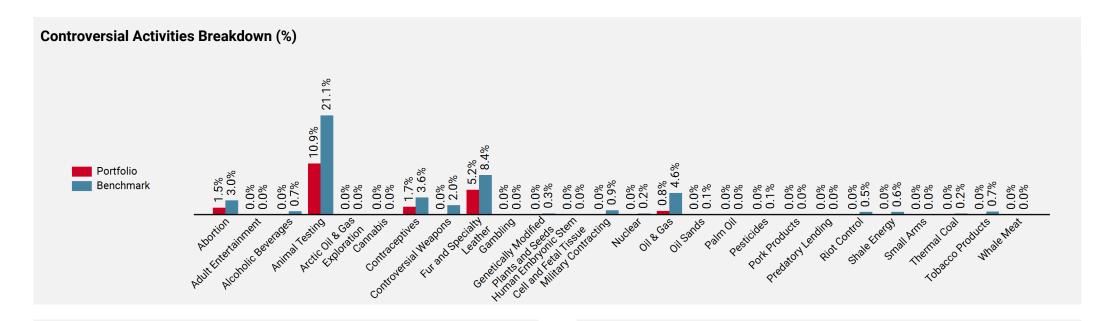
	Rank Name	Sector	Weight	Company ESG Score	Portfolio ESG Contribution	Relative Position
	1 Microsoft Corp	Information Technology	2.82%	9.06	0.26	Leader
Best	2 Apple Inc	Information Technology	2.22%	9.00	0.20	Leader
B	3 Zurich Insurance Group AG	Financials	1.21%	8.36	0.10	Leader
	4 Deutsche Telekom AG	Communication Services	1.10%	8.28	0.09	Leader
	5 NVIDIA Corporation	Information Technology	0.98%	9.16	0.09	Leader

	Rank Name	Sector	Weight	Company ESG Score	Portfolio ESG Contribution	Relative Position
	1 JD.com Inc	Consumer Discretionary	0.02%	5.14	0.00	Average
orst	2 Cemex SAB de CV	Materials	0.07%	1.70	0.00	Laggard
Wo	3 AES Corp (The)	Utilities	0.13%	1.12	0.00	Laggard
	4 Plug Power Inc	Industrials	0.07%	2.70	0.00	Underperformer
	5 Bloom Energy Corp	Industrials	0.07%	4.79	0.00	Average

Best (worst) performers in terms of contribution to portfolio ESG score, where the score is aggregated on the basis of weight. Stocks are ranked from best to worst in terms of their contribution, where higher contribution corresponds to better performance. Portfolio ESG Contribution is quoted as the increase in portfolio ESG score from investment in the stock.



Controversial Business Activities



Tobacco

	Portfolio	Benchmark
Production	-	0.67 %
Related Products & Services	0.01%	0.01 %
Retail	0.07%	0.09 %

Oil & Gas

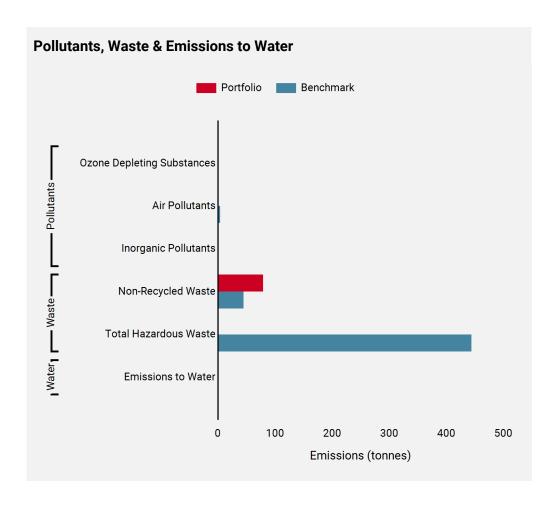
	Portfolio	Benchmark
Energy Generation	0.05%	0.42 %
Production	0.65%	4.00 %
Supporting Products/Services	0.52%	0.60 %

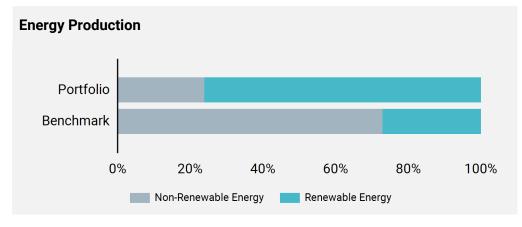
Note: Company level involvement in the business activity is the share of revenue made from said business activity. The total levels for each involvement is the weighted average of involvement levels in percentage of revenue and weight of the portfolio or benchmark. Exposure levels below 10% of revenue share are treated as insignificant.

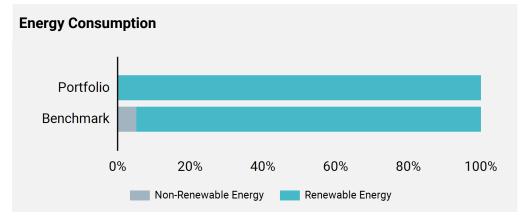
Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



Climate KPIs (ex GHG Emissions)



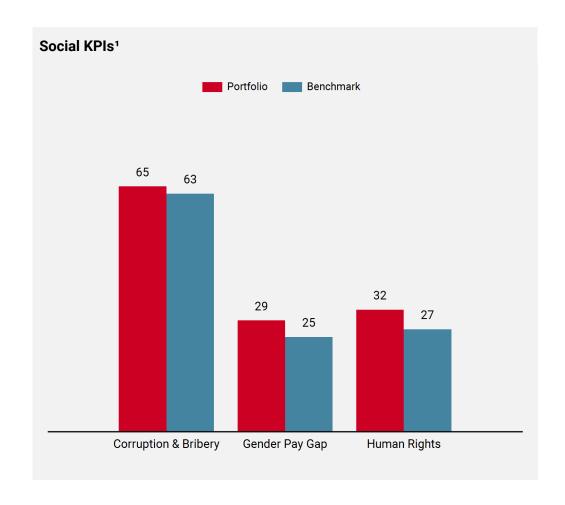


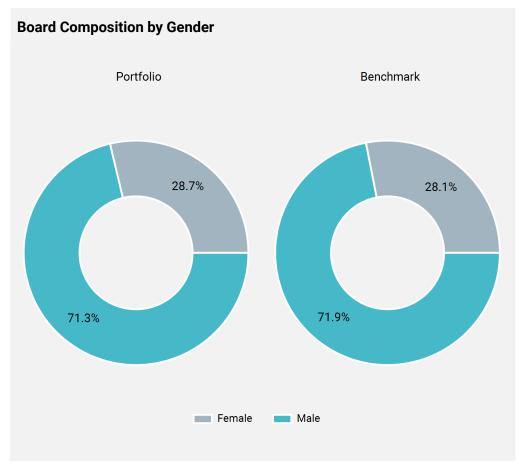


Note: Emissions to water include acid and metal emissions, nutrients and organic pollutants, as well as pesticides and fertilizers. Exposure is computed based on ownership. All emissions are measured in tonnes. Energy production/consumption for renewable and non-renewable sources are expressed in GWh and apportioned to portfolio based on ownership. Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



Social KPIs



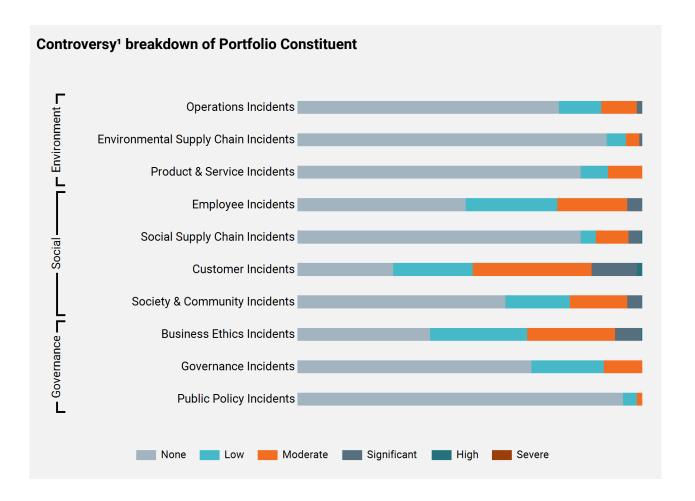


¹ Score-based social KPIs: corruption & bribery and gender pay gap. Company level score is between 0 and 100, where higher score indicates better performance. The total score is the weighted average of the constituent scores.

Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



Controversies



Controversy by Category (# of companies)					
	Portfolio	Benchmark			
Severe	-	18			
High	6	68			
Significant	52	331			
Moderate	103	973			
Low	60	607			
None	31	856			
No Coverage	1	29			

UN Global Compact ² (% based on weight)						
	Portfolio	Benchmark				
Compliant	95.87%	89.25 %				
Watchlist	4.13%	8.57 %				
Non-Compliant	-	1.77 %				
No Coverage	-	0.41 %				

¹ Controversy categories (5): low, moderate, significant, high and severe. Chart displays controversy breakdown by constituents. The category 'none' indicates no controversy at company level.

Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



² Compliance check with UN Global Compact (10 principles). 'Watchlist': risk of contributing to severe or systemic and/or systematic violations of the principles.

Exclusions

Our Responsible Investment Policy considers two pillars of bottom-up considerations:

Pillar I: Norm-Based Screening

Exclude companies associated with key social or environmental issues. According to the European Sustainable Investment Forum, it is the "screening of investments according to their compliance with international standards

Pillar II: Exclusionary Screening

Exclude companies from an investment universe based on our expectations regarding specific ESG-related risks.

Exclusions		Companies ¹	Weight ²
	Adult Entertainment	-	-
	Controversial Weapons	23	1.99%
Dillout	Predatory Lending	-	-
Pillar I	Thermal Coal	59	1.02%
	Tobacco	10	0.70%
	UNGC Non-compliant	30	1.77%
	High-carbon Emitters	94	2.47%
Pillar II	Non-covered	85	0.66%
Pilidi II	Severe Controversy	18	0.77%
	Worst-in-class	154	3.38%
	Total (unique)	473	12.77%
	Universe	2882	100.00%
	% Universe	16.41%	12.77%

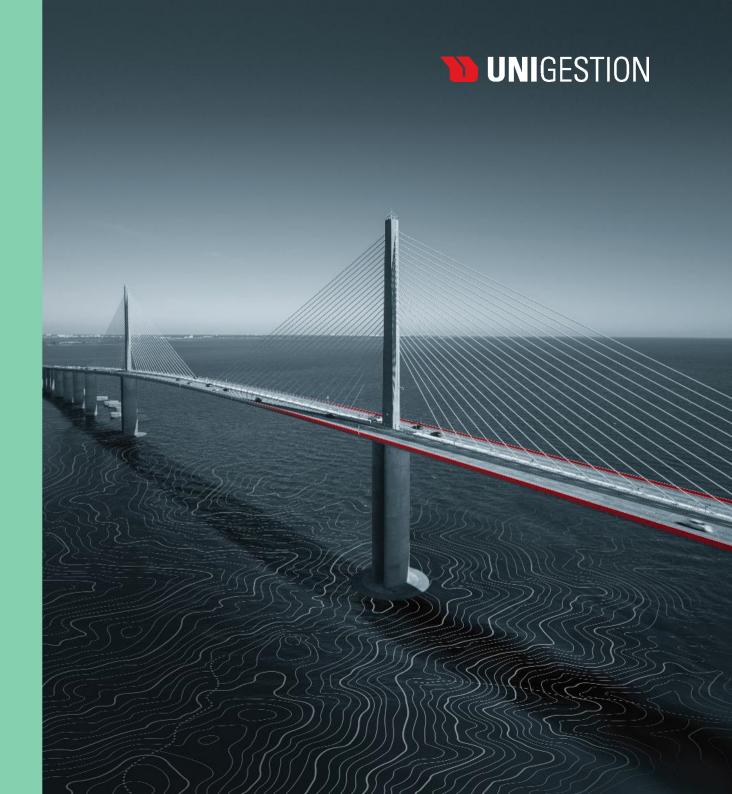
Universe refers to MSCI All Countries World.



¹ Number of companies excluded as a result of screening

² Weight excluded as a result of screening

TCFD Reporting



Current Emissions



CURRENT EMISSIONS

Introduction

The aim of this section is to assess the carbon performance of the portfolio. Firstly, the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions held within the portfolio are quantified. This is done by apportioning company level GHG emissions to portfolio by ownership. In other words, if the portfolio holds x% of a company, it also holds x% of its emissions. Compared to using pure weights, this computation method paints a more accurate picture of portfolio emissions. To enable crosscompany comparison in terms of emissions, GHG intensity is also presented. This metric counts GHG emissions as a multiple of revenue, correcting for possible company size bias.

Emissions are quoted in tonnes of CO2 equivalents (tCO2e) and apportioned by ownership. Ownership is the ratio of value of holdings to market capitalization or enterprise value. Emissions include scopes 1, 2 and 3 (upstream and downstream).

Scope 1 emissions for a company are considered to be estimated when they are not disclosed and therefore have to be modelled.

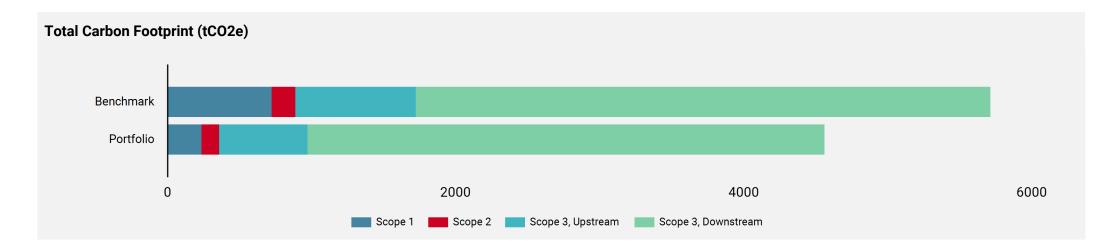
GHG intensity is the total scopes 1, 2 and 3 (upstream and downstream) emissions normalized by company revenues and then aggregated using weightedaverage carbon intensity (WACI) method (sums product of each holding's weight with the company level GHG Intensity).

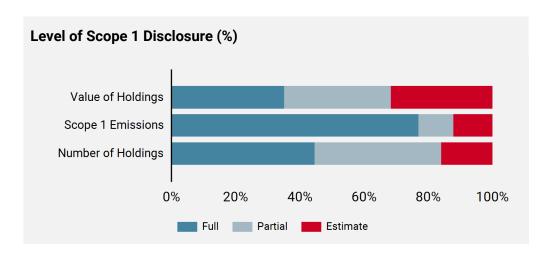
Relative efficiency refers to the efficiency of portfolio versus the benchmark in terms of GHG intensity (Relative Efficiency = 1 - (Portfolio GHG Intensity)/ (Benchmark GHG Intensity))

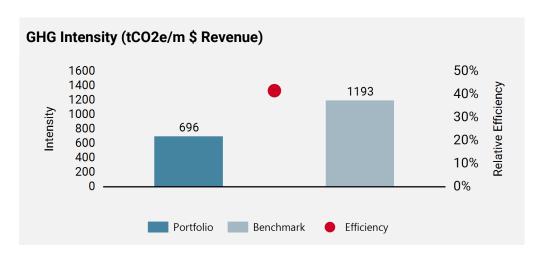


GHG EMISSIONS

Carbon Footprint and Intensity







Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World. Sources: Unigestion, MSCI, Trucost



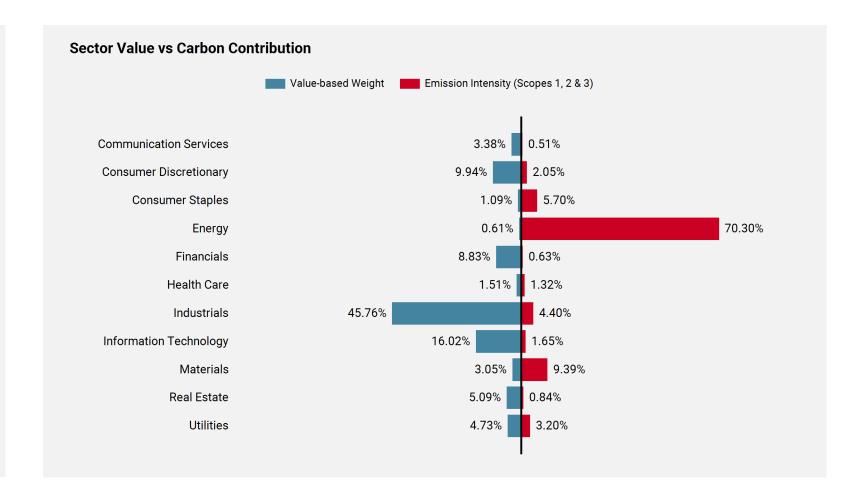
GHG EMISSIONS

The following chart shows the value-based weight of each GICS sector in the portfolio, in comparison to the contribution of the sector to portfolio GHG

Value-based weight is the weight based on ownership within a company.

To estimate carbon contribution, total emission intensity, scopes 1, 2 and 3 (upstream and downstream) are used.

The contribution is estimated on ownership basis.





GHG EMISSIONS

Best/Worst Contributors

	Name	Sector	Ownership Weight¹	Carbon Weight ²	GHG Intensity G (tCO2e/mUSD)		Disclosure
	JD.com Inc	Consumer Discretionary	0.01%	0.04%	86.3046	0.000	Value derived from data provided in Environmental/CSR
Best	Morgan Stanley	Financials	0.02%	0.02%	33.0265	0.000	Value derived from data provided in CDP
B	Warner Bros. Discovery Inc	Communication Services	0.01%	0.04%	88.7249	0.000	Estimated data
	AT&T Inc	Communication Services	0.01%	0.06%	114.842	0.000	Exact Value from CDP
	Schwab (Charles) Corp	Financials	0.03%	0.02%	32.915	0.000	Value derived from data provided in CDP

	Name	Sector	Ownership Weight¹	Carbon Weight ²	GHG Intensity ((tCO2e/mUSD)		Disclosure
	Nexans, Paris	Industrials	1.77%	14.45%	29085.1	-0.249	Exact Value from CDP
orst	Doosan Fuel Cell Co Ltd	Industrials	3.00%	2.50%	5033.65	-0.073	Estimate used instead of disclosure - data does not cover global operations
Wo	Array Technologies Inc	Industrials	1.93%	2.57%	5179.85	-0.048	Estimate used instead of disclosure - data does not cover global operations
	Advanced Drainage Systems Inc	Industrials	0.98%	2.38%	4784.07	-0.023	Value derived from data provided in Environmental/CSR
	A. O. Smith Corp	Industrials	0.93%	2.31%	4654.35	-0.021	Value derived from data provided in Environmental/CSR

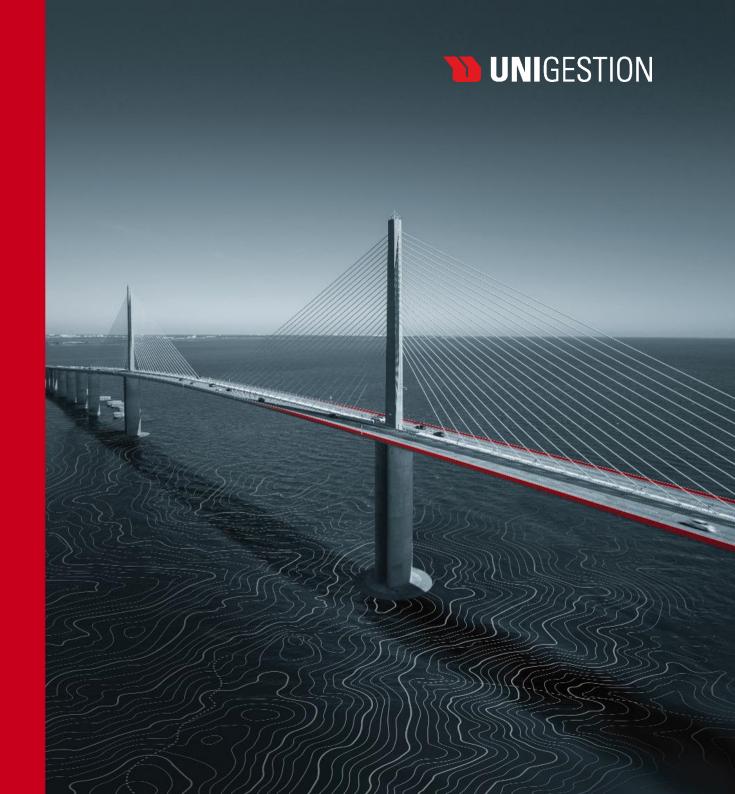
Best (worst) performers in terms of contribution to portfolio GHG intensity, where GHG intensity is aggregated on the basis of ownership. Stocks are ranked from best to worst in terms of their contribution, where higher contribution corresponds to worse performance. GHG Intensity Contribution is quoted as the decrease in portfolio GHG intensity in case of full divestment from the stock.



¹ Ownership weight indicates the ownership-based weight in the portfolio.

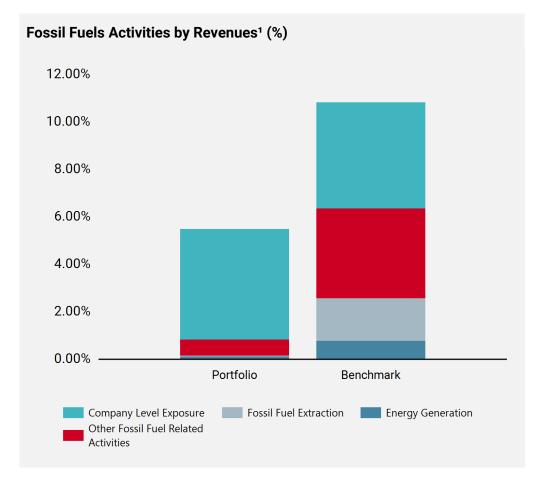
² Carbon weight indicates the GHG intensity share as a percentage of portfolio GHG intensity

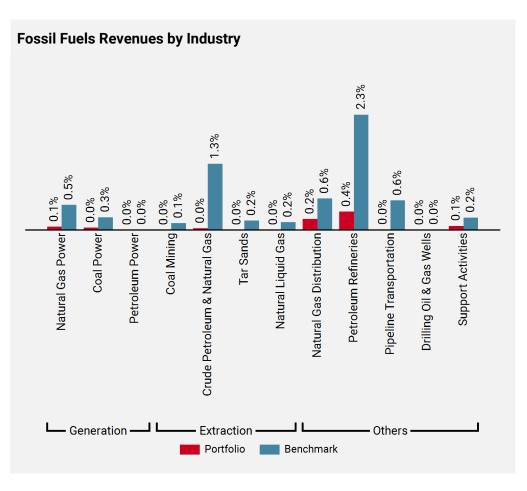
Fossil Fuels



FOSSIL FUELS

Fossil Fuels Related Activities



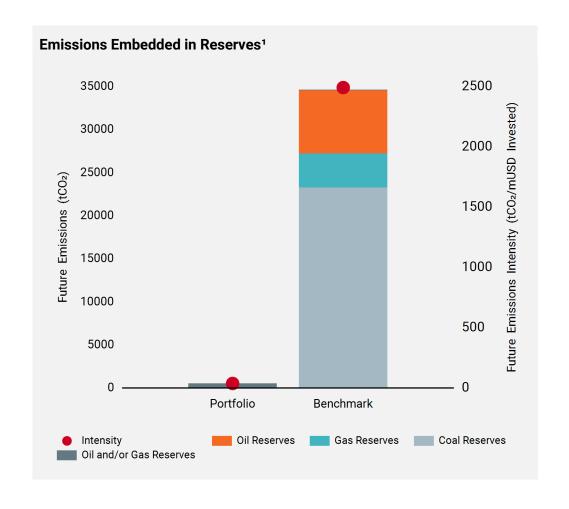


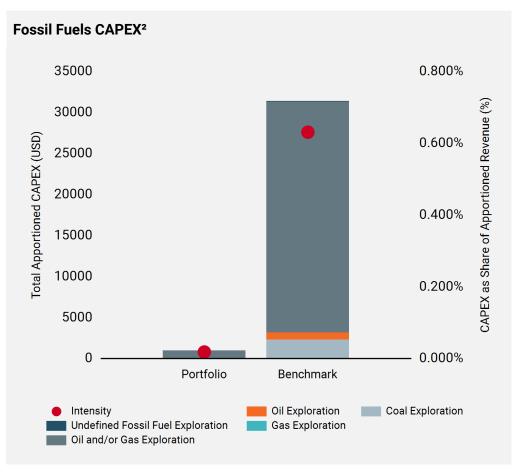
¹ Portfolio exposure to revenues from fossil fuel related activities, where exposure is computed based on weight. Three categories of fossil fuel activities: Generation, Extraction and Others. Others include distribution, refinement, pipeline transportation, drilling of wells and fossil fuel supporting activities. Company level exposure (bar height) is the level of exposure to companies involved in fossil fuel related activities in terms of their total weight in the portfolio or benchmark. The remaining sections of the bars indicate weighted average revenue exposure to indicated activity. Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



FOSSIL FUELS

Embedded Emissions in Reserves and Exploration Expenditures



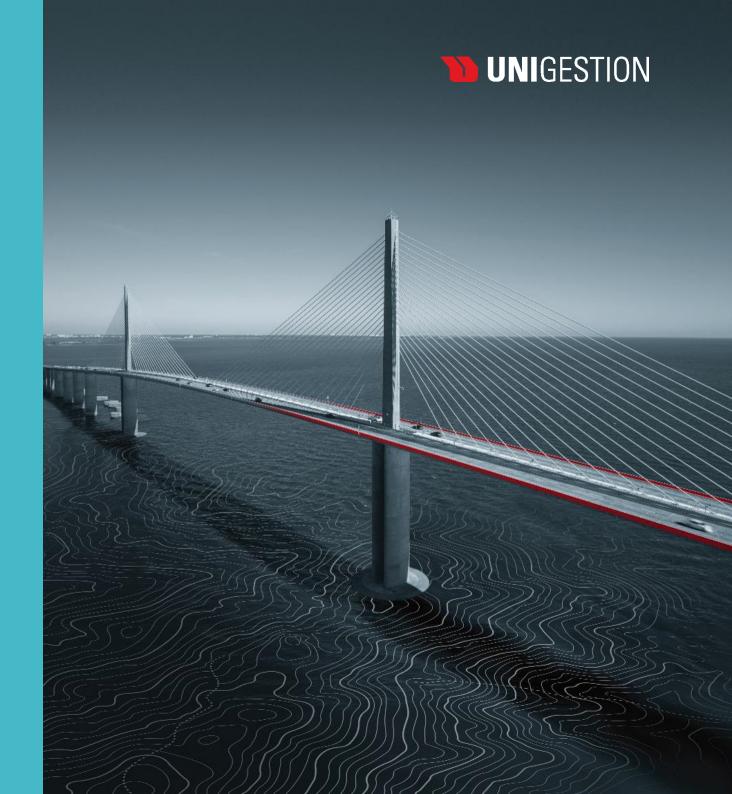


¹ Apportioned GHG emissions embedded in fossil fuel reserves. Emissions are aggregated to portfolio on the basis of ownership.

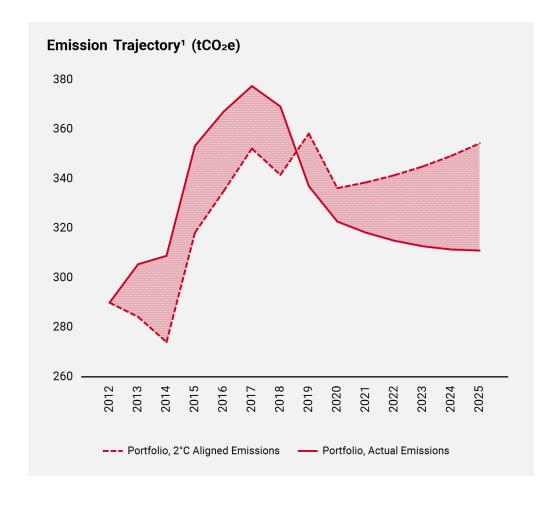


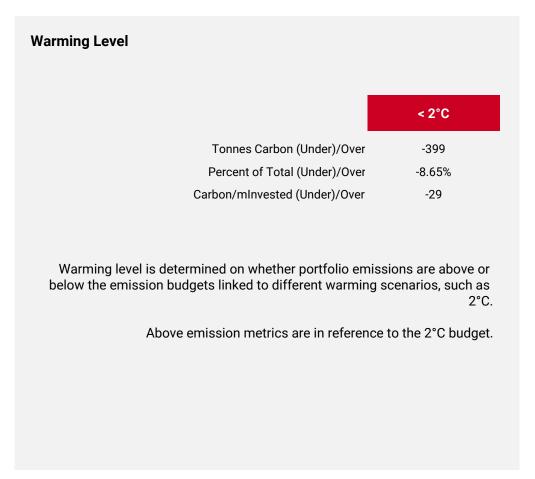
² Capital expenditure (CAPEX) reserved for further exploration of fossil fuels: coal, oil and gas. CAPEX is aggregated to portfolio based on ownership. Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.

Temperature Assessment



Emissions Pathway Assessment



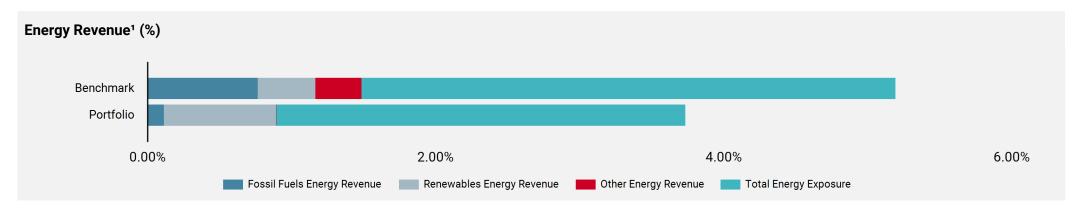


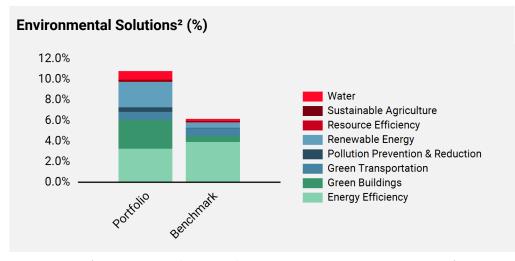
¹ Combination of historical and forward-looking emission data. Dashed line shows the 2°C compatible emission trajectory. Assessment on whether portfolio emissions are above or below the emission budget linked to warming scenario of 2°C.

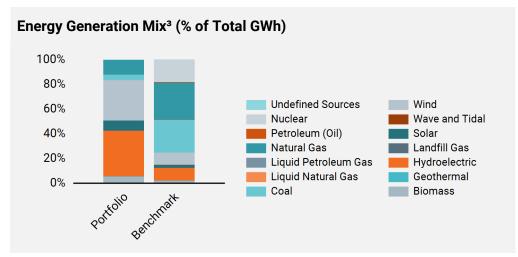
Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator.



'Brown' and 'Green' Revenues







¹ Compares portfolio's exposure to 'brown' and 'green' energy related revenues on the basis of weight. Nuclear energy is categorized as other. Total energy exposure (bar height) indicates the total weight in the portfolio/benchmark of companies with energy-related revenues. The remaining sections of the bars indicate the weighted average revenue exposure to indicated energy category.

Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



² Revenue exposure to 'green' activities grouped into 8 categories. Exposure is computed using company revenue share generated by 'green' activities and apportioned by portfolio weight.

³ Compares energy generation mix in GWh apportioned on ownership basis.

Sector Contribution to 2°C Aligned Emission Budget

Sectoral Decarbonization Approach (SDA) is applied to high-emitting sectors with homogeneous business activities.

GHG Emissions per unit of Value Added (GEVA) is used for less carbon intensive sectors with heterogeneous activities.

Method	Sector	Contribution (tCO2e)	Pathway
	Power Generation	-18.16	<2C
	Cement	-37.51	<2C
SDA	Steel	-	-
	Airlines	-	-
	Aluminum	-	-
	Communication Services	12.85	2-3C
	Consumer Discretionary	-182.38	<1.75C
	Consumer Staples	-56.54	<2C
	Energy	409.18	> 5C
	Financials	-145.26	<1.75C
GEVA	Health Care	-13.43	<2C
	Industrials	-401.97	<2C
	Information Technology	68.15	2-3C
	Materials	144.35	2-3C
	Real Estate	-46.30	<2C
	Utilities	-132.47	<2C

Note: Negative value indicates the alignment with 2°C scenario, as this indicates that the sector is under the 2°C budget. Pathway provided is based on companies held.



Best/Worst Contributors to 2°C Aligned GHG Emission Budget

	Name	Industry/Sub-industry	2015 tCO2e 2 Intensity	2025 tCO2e Intensity	Intensity Unit	Forecast Source	Total Carbon (tCO2e)	Apportionned Carbon (tCO2e)	Pathway
	Owens Corning	Industrials	2932.05	1427.09	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Company Target	-54,357,800	-234	<1.5°C
Best	Berkshire Hathaway Inc	Financials	2634.01	765.24	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	-948,894,000	-138	<1.5°C
ă	Verbund AG	Utilities	0.07	0.01	tCO2e/MWh	Company Target	-43,875,200	-128	<1.5°C
	Amazon.com Inc	Consumer Discretionary	158.88	19.41	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Company Target	-685,995,000	-105	<1.5°C
	JD.com Inc	Consumer Discretionary	872.44	117.65	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	-148,546,000	-88	<1.5°C

	Name	Industry/Sub-industry	2015 tCO2e i	2025 tCO2e Intensity	Intensity Unit	Forecast Source	Total Carbon (tCO2e)	Apportionned Carbon (tCO2e)	Pathway
	PTT Public Co Ltd	Energy	6202.45	7110.39	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	388,267,000	424	>5°C
Worst	AES Corp (The)	Utilities	26208.90	18955.80	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	278,525,000	129	>5°C
š	Linde Plc	Materials	4685.47	3463.87	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	239,155,000	90	>5°C
	L'Air Liquide SA	Materials	2438.08	1262.98	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Company Target	60,879,800	63	2-3°C
	Arrow Electronics Inc	Information Technology	254.20	309.73	tCO2e/US\$m inflation adjusted gross profits	Sub-Industry Trend	6,821,970	36	>5°C

The contribution, or apportioned carbon, is computed on ownership bases. Negative values indicate alignment with the 2 °C scenario.

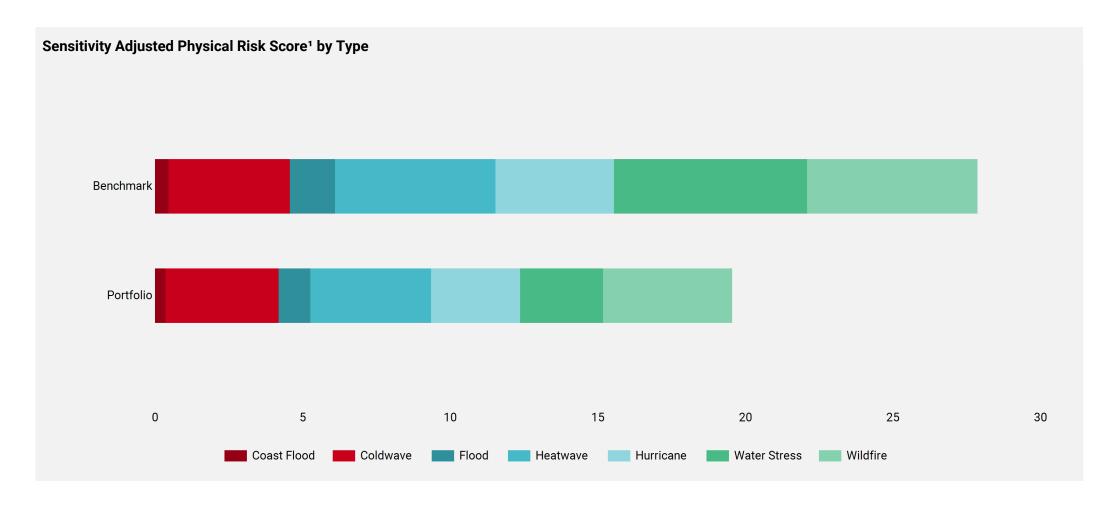


Physical Risk





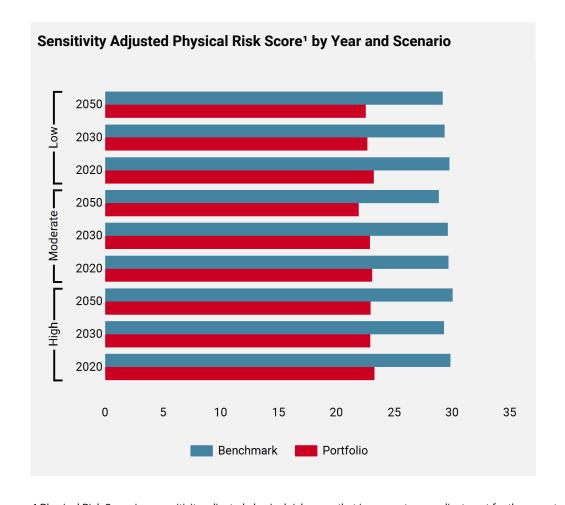
Physical or Tangible Effects of Climate Change

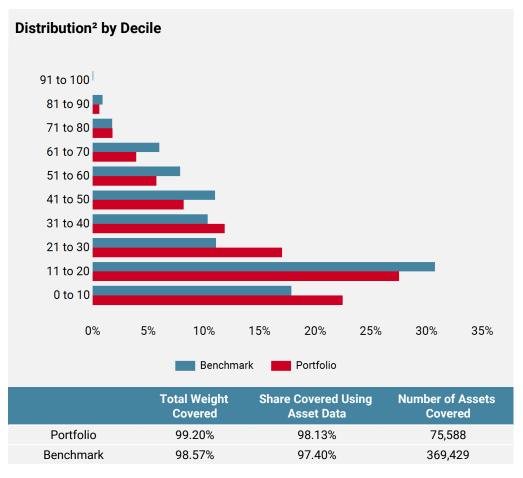


¹ Incorporates adjustment for the expected sensitivity of each company to each form of physical risk and level of risk is aggregated on ownership. Physical risk types (7): coastal floods, cold waves, floods, heatwaves, hurricanes, water stress and wildfires. At company level, physical risk exposure indicators are on a scale of 0 to 100 (lowest to highest). Exposure used in the chart is for 2050, under a high warming scenario (RCP 8.5).

Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.







¹ Physical Risk Score is a sensitivity adjusted physical risk score that incorporates an adjustment for the expected sensitivity of each company to each form of physical risk. Level of risk aggregated on ownership. The aggregate sensitivity adjusted physical risk exposure is computed for all years and scenarios. High scenario corresponds to RCP 8.5, moderate is RCP 4.5 and low is RCP 2.6. ² Based on the sensitivity adjusted score. At company level, physical risk exposure indicators are on a scale of 0 to 100, from lowest to highest under a high warming scenario (RCP 8.5).

Portfolio refers to Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator while Benchmark refers to MSCI All Countries World.



Sensitivity Adjusted Physical Risk Score by Sector (High Scenario¹ - 2050)

	Composite	Coast Flood	Coldwave	Flood	Heatwave	Hurricane	Water	Wildfire
Communication Services	0.65	0.89	0.41	0.89	0.41	0.89	0.05	0.89
Consumer Discretionnary	3.59	4.88	3.43	4.88	3.43	4.88	0.29	4.88
Consumer Staples	0.58	0.56	0.44	0.56	0.44	0.56	0.23	0.56
Energy	0.32	0.46	0.10	0.46	0.10	0.46	0.40	0.46
Financials	0.40	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.12	0.32
Health Care	0.30	0.38	0.31	0.38	0.31	0.38	0.06	0.38
Industrials	9.31	11.19	9.49	11.19	9.49	11.19	0.93	11.19
Information Technology	3.54	3.89	3.99	3.89	3.99	3.89	0.50	3.89
Materials	1.37	2.46	0.34	2.46	0.34	2.46	1.72	2.46
Real Estate	1.52	3.26	0.29	3.26	0.29	3.26	0.30	3.26
Utilities	1.38	3.95	0.13	3.95	0.13	3.95	2.01	3.95



¹ The scenario considered is RCP 8.5, or the high warming scenario.

² Composite score is the physical risk score that aggregates the 7 physical risk types. This assessment uses the sensitivity adjusted composite physical risk score. Exposure to physical risk is apportioned by ownership.

Best/Worst Contributors

	Name	Sector	Ownership	Composite	Adjusted Composite	Adjusted Composite Contribution (bps)	Data Quality
	Agricultural Bank of China Ltd	Financials	0.00001%	58	3	0.00	Α
Best	Warner Bros. Discovery Inc	Communication Services	0.00000%	63	5	0.00	В
ă	JPMorgan Chase & Co	Financials	0.00001%	64	3	0.00	Α
	Schwab (Charles) Corp	Financials	0.00002%	65	3	-0.01	Α
	The Bank of Nova Scotia	Financials	0.00003%	50	2	-0.01	Α
	Name	Sector	Ownership	Composite	Adjusted Composite	Adjusted Composite Contribution (bps)	Data Quality
	SPIE	Industrials	0.00185%	48	24	-4.44	Α
Worst	Keisei Electric Railway Co Ltd	Industrials	0.00095%	60	46	-4.37	Α
Š	Clean Harbors Inc	Industrials	0.00080%	69	54	-4.32	Α
	Ameresco Inc	Industrials	0.00140%	56	25	-3.49	Α
	Holmen AB	Materials	0.00065%	35	48	-3.13	Α

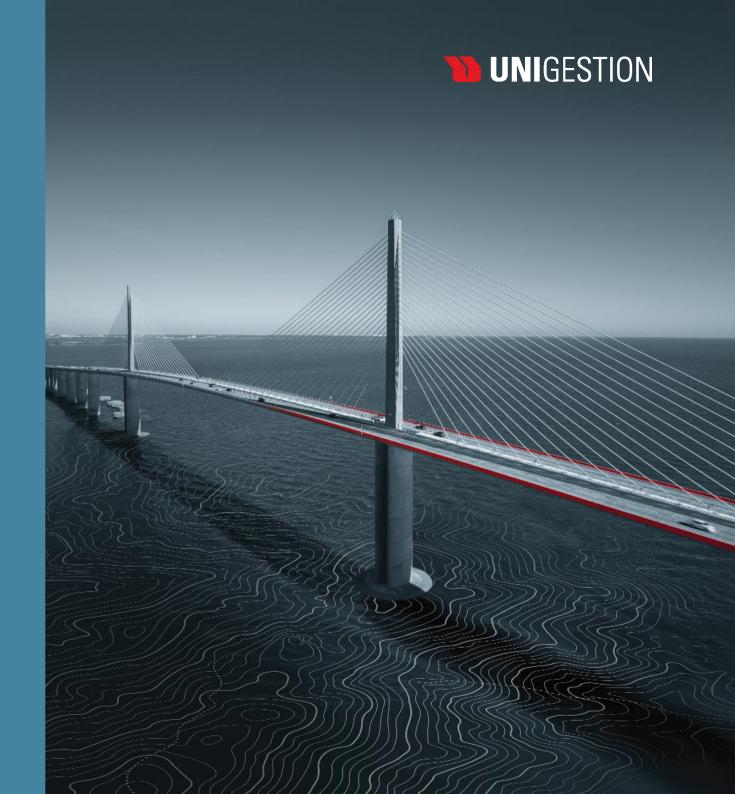
Best (worst) performers in terms of physical risk using raw and sensitivity adjusted composite physical risk scores.

- Composite score is the raw composite physical risk score of the company without sensitivity adjustment. Composite indicates aggregation of the 7 physical risk types (coastal floods, coldwaves etc.). At company level, raw physical risk scores (composite) are on a scale of 0 to 100 (lowest to highest).
- Adjusted composite is the raw composite physical risk score adjusted for company sensitivity to physical risk.
- Data quality indicates the quality of data used to determine physical risk score at company level. There are two levels: A and B, where A indicates higher quality.
- Asset count indicates the number of assets assessed at company level to determine company exposure to physical risk. In absence of asset level data, physical risk exposure is determined based on HQ location and revenue share by country, rather than location of assets.

Contribution to portfolio physical risk score is computed on the basis of ownership and is quoted as the basis point decrease in physical risk exposure for the portfolio in the event of full divestment from the stock.



SFDR Principal Adverse Impact Indicators



SFDR PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACT INDICATORS

Climate and Other Environment-related Indicators

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Greenhouse gas emissions	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	Tonnes	196	744	100
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	Tonnes	141	342	100
		From 1 January 2023, Scope 3 GHG emissions	Tonnes	2,438	9,352	100
		Total GHG emissions	Tonnes	2,775	10,439	100
	2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	Tonnes / mUSD of Enterprise Value	156	176	100
	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	Tonnes / mUSD of Revenue	499	549	100
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	%	5	5	99





SFDR PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACT INDICATORS

Climate and Other Environment-related Indicators

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Greenhouse gas emissions	5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage	%	62	55	70
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	Energy consumption in GWh per million USD of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	GWh / mUSD of Revenue	1	1	98
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas *	%	19	8	
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million USD invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes	186	123	98
Waste	9. Hazardous waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste generated by investee companies per million USD invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes	4,905	158,023	98

Source: Unigestion, Trucost, Sustainalytics



^{*} Based on score that measures whether company has a publicly available commitment to maintain, enhance, or conserve biodiversity/ecosystems for company's own operational activities (e.g. production, extraction, plantation, or development activities), and if the commitment is applicable to company's supply chain. Score range is 0-100, where 100 is best practice. Due to inability to distinguish investee companies with negative effect on biodiversity-sensitive areas, reported figure is computed as share of investments in investee companies with score below 50.

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Social and employee matters	Global Compact principles and Organisation for	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	%	0	0	100
	11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	%	0	0	100



	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Social and employee matters	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	Score	44	42	80
	13. Board gender diversity	Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies	%	43	42	86
	14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	%	0	0	100



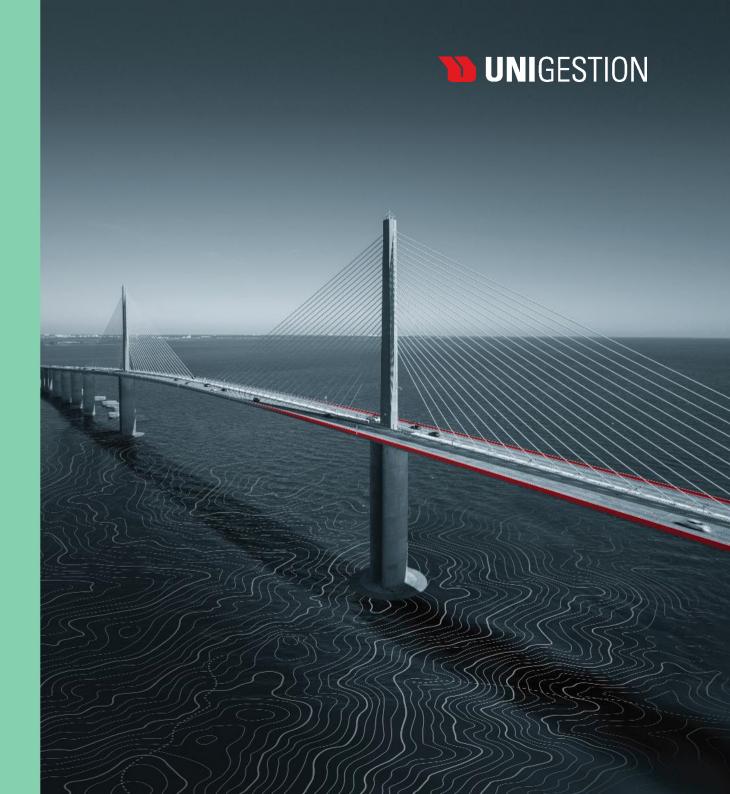
Climate and Other Environment-related Indicators

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Emissions	Emissions of inorganic pollutants	Tonnes of inorganic pollutants equivalent per million USD invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes	201	184	98
	2. Emissions of air pollutants	Tonnes of air pollutants equivalent per million USD invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes	9,205	14,600	98
	3. Emissions of ozone depletion substances	Tonnes of ozone depletion substances equivalent per million USD invested, expressed as a weighted average	Tonnes	305	741	98

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)
Social and employee matters	6. Insufficient whistleblowe protection	r Share of investments in entities without policies on the protection of whistleblowers	%	3	2	98



Engagement



ENGAGEMENT

Year	Company	Engagement Status	Voting Script	Company Reply
2022	A. O. Smith Corporation	No response received yet	Concerns about the company's GHG emissions reduction target, and progress towards this target.	No reply received yet.
2022	Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	No response received yet	Concerns about targets to reach net-zero ambition and overall climate strategy. Concerns about Scope 3 emissions measurement accross the supply chain.	No reply received yet.
2022	Shimano Inc	No response received yet	Concerns around disclosure of GHG emissions reductions strategy. Possibility of strengthening strategy by reporting on Scope 3 GHG emissions and committing to a net-zero target.	No reply received yet.
2022	Sika AG	No response received yet	SIKA recently published its new materiality assessment as well as new climate strategy. Even though the company is moving in the right direction, we could still see room for improvement on three specific areas: 1) The company is using alternatives raw materials to diversify its cost exposure to fossil fuel derivatives but lacks targets on this specific strategy while it is considered material according to their matrix released in June 2022 and their "Way to Net zero" published in Oct 22. 2) On another material topic, chemical manufacturing generates hazardous waste, including but not limited to heavy metals, spent acids, catalysts, and wastewater treatment sludge. Companies like Sika face regulatory and operational challenges in managing waste, as some wastes are subject to regulations pertaining to their transport, treatment, storage, and disposal. Their waste management strategies include reduced generation, effective treatment and disposal, and recycling and recovery, where possible. Such activities, while requiring initial investment or operating costs may lower companies' long-term cost structure and mitigate the risk of remediation liabilities or regulatory penalties. 3) A third topic of engagement for Sika would be product design. As increasing resource scarcity and regulations drive the need for greater materials efficiency and lower energy consumption and emissions, the Chemicals industry stands to benefit from developing products that enhance customer efficiency. From reducing automobile emissions through materials optimization to improving the performance of building insulation, chemical industry products can enhance efficiency across a multitude of applications. Companies that develop cost-effective solutions to address customers' needs for improved efficiency can therefore benefit from increased revenues and market share, stronger competitive positioning, and enhanced brand value.	
2022	United Parcel Service Inc B	- No response received yet	Concerns about occupational safety and working conditions for employees.	No reply received yet.

Above table shows the 5 most recent engagements, with a contact date of less than 6 months. More detailed information is available upon request.

Sources: Unigestion, ISS



SOVEREIGN



PORTFOLIO INTRODUCTION



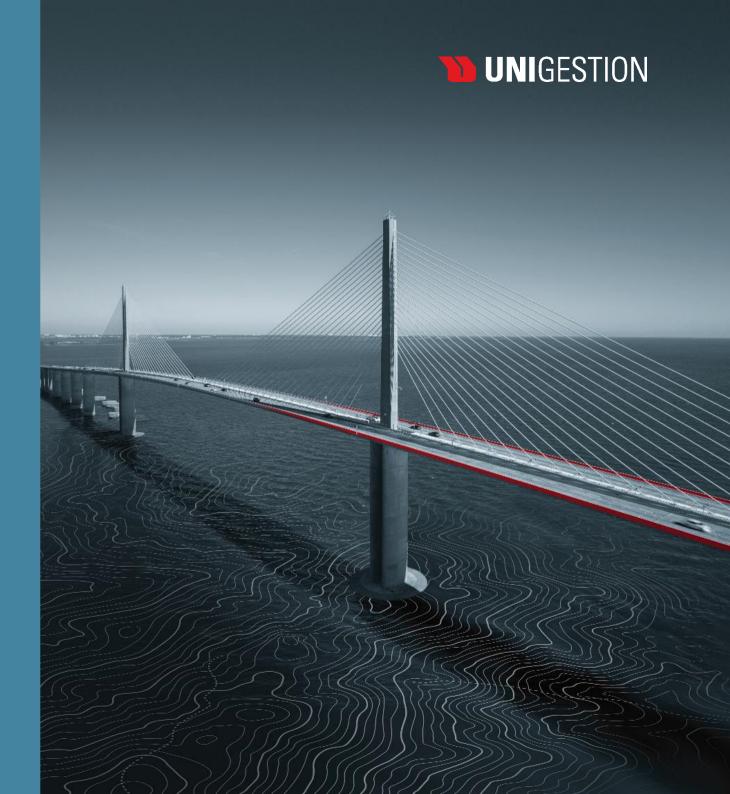
Uni-Global - Cross Asset Navigator ► Portfolio:

Bloomberg Barclays Global Agg Treasuries Total ▶ Benchmark:

Bloomberg Barclays Global Agg Treasuries Total Investment Universe:

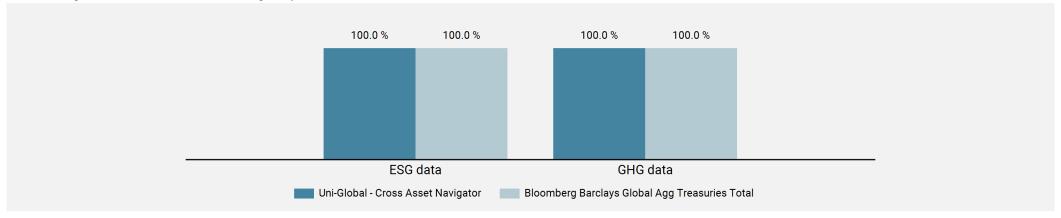
USD ► Currency:





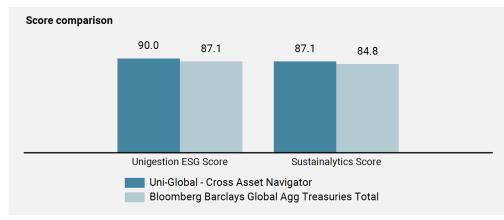
Data Coverage

Data coverage is defined as the sum of the weight in portfolio and index with available data for each vendor.



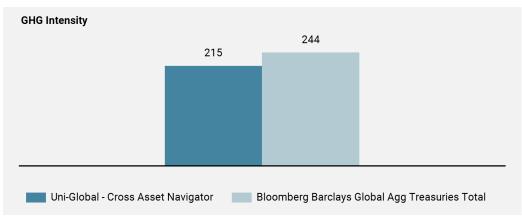
ESG Score and GHG Intensity

ESG Score for Governement Bonds is the weighted average of country weights in the fund / index and the ESG score by country.



Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics

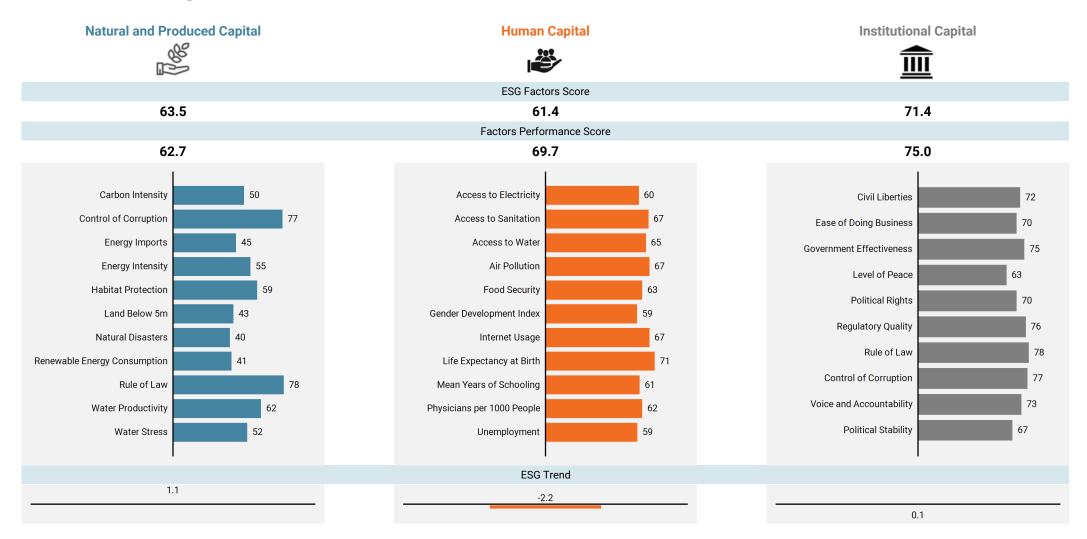
GHG Intensity is computed as the weighted average of country weights in the fund / index and GHG Intensity by country. Intensity is expressed as gr/PPP\$ of each country GDP.



Source: Unigestion, TruCost



Portfolio ESG Report





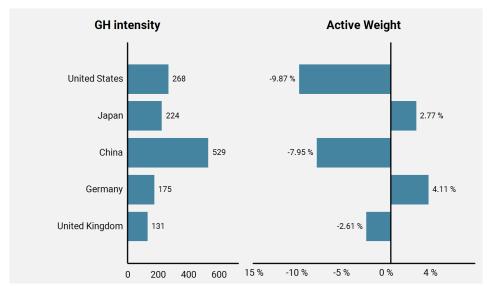
Portfolio GHG Report

	Portfolio	Benchmark
Territorial GHG Emissions (MtCO2e)	1757.3	3265.6
Total Country GHG Emissions embedded in goods and services imported (MtCO2e)	600.6	857.3
Renewable share of Power Generation (%)	40.0%	29.7%
Nuclear share of Power Generation (%)	11.2%	14.3%
Fossil Fuel share of Power Generation (%)	49.1%	56.1%

Top 5 Best/Worst Contributors vs Benchmark

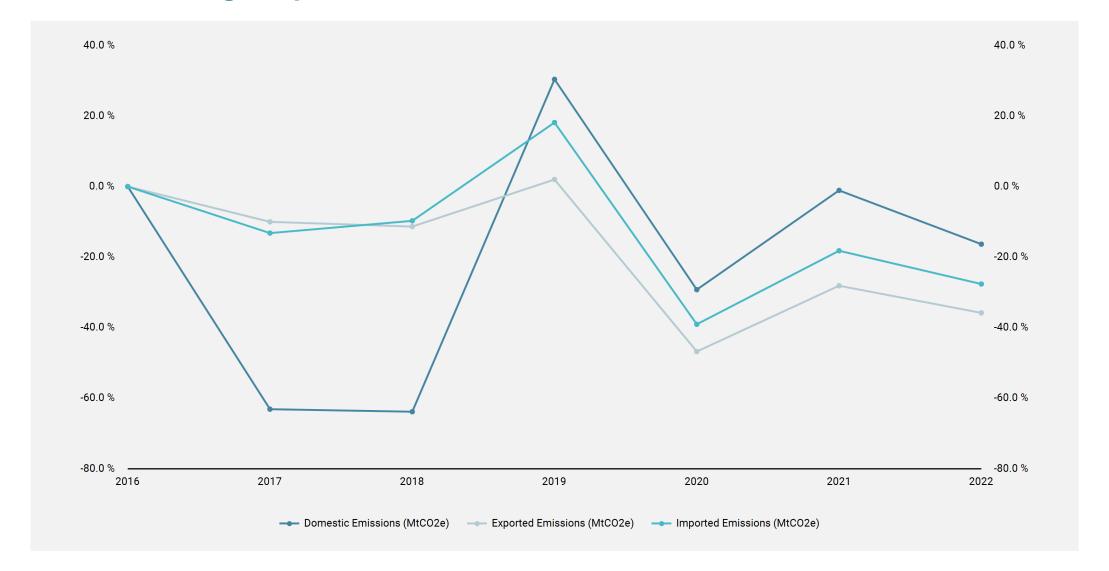
Name	Active Weight	GHG Intensity	Relative Contribution	Absolute Contribution (%)
Canada	6.56 %	3,247	212.89	12.5 %
Australia	2.57 %	3,282	84.34	6.3 %
Germany	4.11 %	1,748	71.79	6.8 %
Japan	2.77 %	2,238	61.91	26.3 %
Finland	2.77 %	1,858	51.42	2.7 %
Spain	-3.17 %	1,408	-44.62	-
Italy	-3.07 %	1,456	-44.77	1.2 %
South Korea	-1.84 %	3,061	-56.30	-
United States	-9.87 %	2,676	-264.17	27.2 %
China	-7.95 %	5,287	-420.19	-

Positioning in worst 5 Countries of the Benchmark



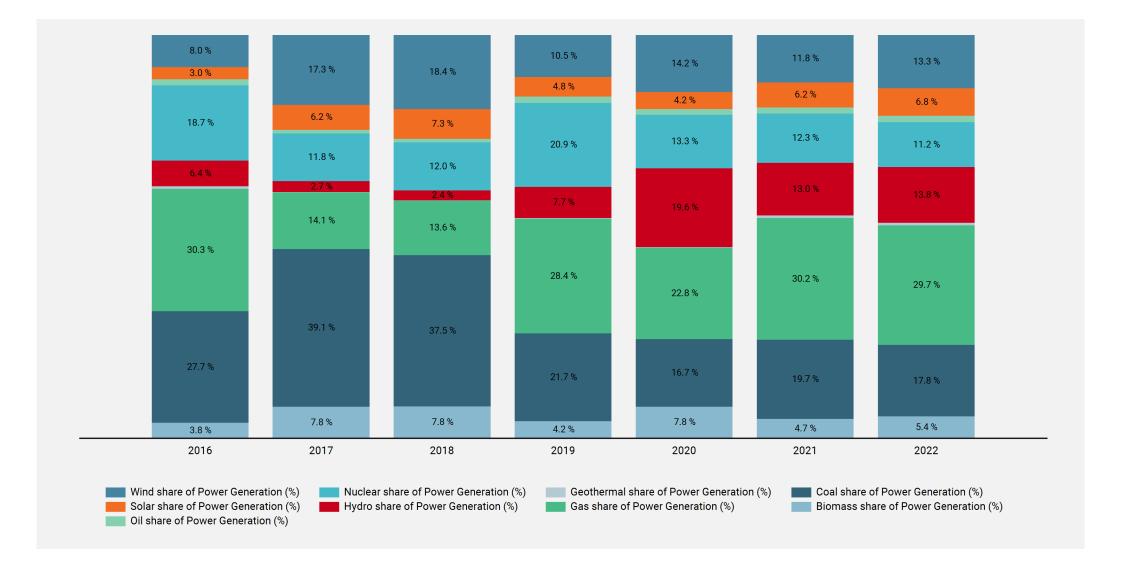


GHG Emission Change compared to 2016



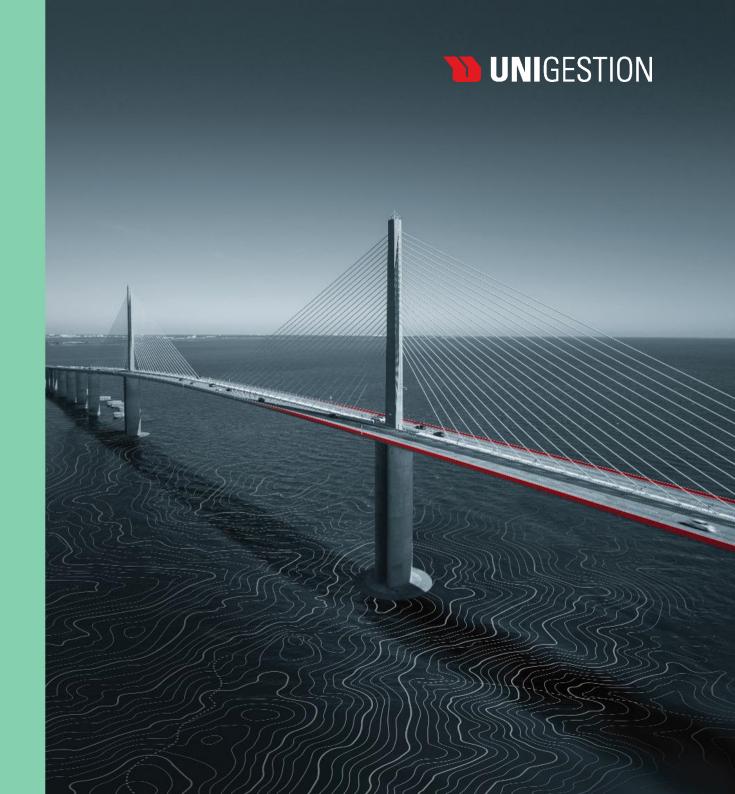


Power Generation Data





SFDR Principal Adverse Impact Indicators

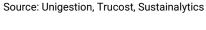


Climate and Other Environment-related Indicators

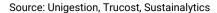
	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)	Explanation
Social	countries subject to social	Number of investee countries subject to social violations (absolute number and relative number divided by all investee countries), as referred to in international treaties and conventions, United Nations principles and, where applicable, national law	%	0	0	100	<u>-</u>

Climate and Other Environment-related Indicators

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)	Explanation
Green securities	17. Share of bonds not certified as green under a future EU act setting up an EU Green Bond Standard		%	15	11	100	



	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)	Explanation
Social	18. Average income inequality score	The distribution of income and economic inequality among the participants in a particular economy including a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	Score	24	27	75	Gini index from World Bank. The index measures the extent to which the distribution of income or consumption among individuals or households within an economy deviates from a perfectly equal distribution. A score between 0 and 100, higher scores indicate greater inequality. Reported as weighted average.
	19. Average freedom of expression score	Measuring the extent to which political and civil society organisations can operate freely including a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	Score	73	72	100	Voice and accountability indicator, which captures perceptions of the extent to which a country's citizens are able to participate in selecting their government, as well as freedom of expression, freedom of association, and a free media. A score between 0 and 100, higher scores indicate greater freedom. Reported as weighted average.
Human rights	20. Average human rights performance	Measure of the average human right performance of investee countries using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	%	100	100	100	Assessment based on human rights protection score developed by Christopher Farris and Keith Schnakenberg. A score between -4 and 4, higher score indicates better human rights protection. Reported as share of investments with positive human rights protection score.





Social and Employee, Respect for Human Rights, Anti-corruption and Anti-bribery Matters

	Indicator	Description	Unit of Measure	Impact 2022	Impact 2021	Coverage (%)	Explanation
Governance	21. Average corruption score	Measure of the perceived level of public sector corruption using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	Score	77	78	100	Control of corruption indicator, which captures perceptions of the extent to which public power is exercised for private gain, including both petty and grand forms of corruption, as well as "capture" of the state by elites and private interests. A score between 0 and 100, higher scores indicate less corruption. Reported as weighted average.
	22. Non- cooperative tax jurisdictions	Investments in jurisdictions on the EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes	%	0	0	100	-
	23. Average political stability score	Measure of the likelihood that the current regime will be overthrown by the use of force using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	Score	66	67	100	Political stability and absence of violence/terrorism indicator, which measures perceptions of the likelihood of political instability and/or politically-motivated violence, including terrorism. A score between 0 and 100, higher scores indicate greater stability. Reported as weighted average.
	24. Average rule of law score	Measure of the level of corruption, lack of fundamental rights, and the deficiencies in civil and criminal justice using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	Score	78	79	100	Rule of law indicator, which captures perceptions of the extent to which agents have confidence in and abide by the rules of society, and in particular the quality of contract enforcement, property rights, the police, and the courts, as well as the likelihood of crime and violence. A score between 0 and 100, higher scores indicate greater confidence in the law. Reported as weighted average.

Source: Unigestion, Trucost, Sustainalytics



DISCLAIMER

This document is provided to you on a confidential basis and must not be distributed, published, reproduced or disclosed, in whole or part, to any other person.

The information and data presented in this document may discuss general market activity or industry trends but is not intended to be relied upon as a forecast, research or investment advice. It is not a financial promotion and represents no offer, solicitation or recommendation of any kind, to invest in the strategies or in the investment vehicles it refers to. Some of the investment strategies described or alluded to herein may be construed as high risk and not readily realisable investments, which may experience substantial and sudden losses including total loss of investment.

The investment views, economic and market opinions or analysis expressed in this document present Uniquestion's judgement as at the date of publication without regard to the date on which you may access the information. There is no guarantee that these views and opinions expressed will be correct nor do they purport to be a complete description of the securities, markets and developments referred to in it. All information provided here is subject to change without notice. To the extent that this report contains statements about the future, such statements are forward-looking and subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the impact of competitive products, market acceptance risks and other risks.

Data and graphical information herein are for information only and may have been derived from third party sources. Although we believe that the information obtained from public and third party sources to be reliable, we have not independently verified it and we therefore cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. As a result, no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, is or will be made by Uniquestion in this respect and no responsibility or liability is or will be accepted. Unless otherwise stated, source is Uniquestion. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. All investments contain risks, including total loss for the investor.

Unigestion (UK) Ltd. is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Unigestion Asset Management (France) S.A. is authorised and regulated by the French "Autorité des Marchés Financiers" (AMF).

Unigestion Asset Management (Canada) Inc., with offices in Toronto and Montreal, is registered as a portfolio manager and/or exempt market dealer in nine provinces across Canada and also as an investment fund manager in Ontario, Quebec and Newfoundland & Labrador. Its principal regulator is the Ontario Securities Commission. Unigestion Asset Management (Düsseldorf) SA is co-regulated by the "Autorité des Marchés Financiers" (AMF) and the "Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht" (BAFIN).

Uniquestion SA has an international advisor exemption in Quebec, Saskatchewan and Ontario.

Uniquestion SA is authorised and regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA).

Uniquestion SA's assets are situated outside of Canada and, as such, there may be difficulty enforcing legal rights against Uniquestion SA.



LEGAL ENTITIES DISSEMINATING THIS DOCUMENT

United Kingdom

This material is disseminated in the United Kingdom by Unigestion (UK) Ltd., which is authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA").

This information is intended only for professional clients and eligible counterparties, as defined in MiFID directive and has therefore not been adapted to retail clients.

European Union

This material is disseminated in the European Union by Unigestion Asset Management (France) SA which is authorized and regulated by the French "Autorité des Marchés Financiers" ("AMF").

This information is intended only for professional clients and eligible counterparties, as defined in the MiFID directive and has therefore not been adapted to retail clients.

Canada

This material is disseminated in Canada by Unigestion Asset Management (Canada) Inc. which is registered as a portfolio manager and/or exempt market dealer in nine provinces across Canada and also as an investment fund manager in Ontario, Quebec and Newfoundland & Labrador. Its principal regulator is the Ontario Securities Commission ("OSC"). This material may also be distributed by Unigestion SA which has an international advisor exemption in Quebec, Saskatchewan and Ontario. Unigestion SA's assets are situated outside of Canada and, as such, there may be difficulty enforcing legal rights against it.

Switzerland

This material is disseminated in Switzerland by Unigestion SA which is authorized and regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority ("FINMA").



CONTACT US



- For Clients, please contact: clients@unigestion.com
- For Consultants: consultants@unigestion.com
- For Press Relations: pressrelations@unigestion.com

GENEVA

Unigestion SA 8C avenue de Champel CP 387 CH 1211 Genève 12 Switzerland

JERSEY CITY

Unigestion (US) Ltd Plaza 10 – Harborside Financial Center, Suite 203 Jersey City, NJ 07311 USA

TORONTO

Unigestion Asset Management (Canada) Inc. (UAMC) TD Canada Trust Tower 161 Bay Street, 27th Floor Toronto, ON M5J 2S1 Canada

MONTREAL

Unigestion Asset Management (Canada) Inc. (UAMC) 1000 rue de la Gauchetière Ouest 24e étage Montréal, QC H3B 4W5 Canada

SINGAPORE

Unigestion Asia Pte Ltd 152 Beach Road #23-05 Gateway East Singapore 189721 Singapore

ZURICH

Unigestion SA, Zurich Branch Sihlstrasse 20 CH 8021 Zürich Switzerland

PARIS

Unigestion Asset Management (France) SA 12 avenue Matignon 75008 Paris France

LONDON

Unigestion (UK) Ltd 4 Stratford Place London W1C 1AT United Kingdom

JERSEY

Unigestion (Jersey) GP Limited 50 La Colomberie St Helier Jersey JE2 4QB Channel Islands

DÜSSELDORF

Unigestion Asset Management (Düsseldorf) SA Poststraße 7 40213 Düsseldorf Germany

Unigestion SA is authorised and regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA). Unigestion (UK) Ltd. is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Unigestion Asset Management (France) S.A. is authorised and regulated by the French "Autorité des Marchés Financiers" (AMF). Unigestion Asset Management (Canada) Inc., with offices in Toronto and Montreal, is registered as a portfolio manager and/or exempt market dealer in nine provinces across Canada and also as an investment fund manager in Ontario, Quebec and Newfoundland & Labrador. Its principal regulator is the Ontario Securities Commission. Unigestion Asset Management (Düsseldorf) SA is co-regulated by the "Autorité des Marchés Financiers" (AMF) and the "Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht" (BAFIN).