ESG REPORT

As of 31 Oct 2021

Portfolio: Uni-Global - Equities Japan

Benchmark: MSCI Japan



Data Coverage

Data coverage is defined as the sum of the weight in portfolio and index with available data for each vendor.



Unigestion ESG Score

Unigestion ESG Score is a proprietary computation shown in percentile. 10 is the best in class and 0 the worst in class. Unigestion Trend is the difference between the average improvment of the company over the short term (6 months) and the long term (24 months).

Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics, TruCost.

Score Distribution





Score Segregation

Unigestion ESG Score is comprised of 35% environmental criteria, 15% social criteria and 50% governance criteria. ESG score ranking is used in portfolio construction and the building blocks are as below:



Top/Bottom Stocks

Top Contributors - Portfolio

Company Name	Weight	Score
Nippon Prologis Reit Inc	1.02%	10.0
Anritsu Corp	1.86%	9.9
Mori Hills Reit Inv Corp	0.65%	9.9

Worst Contributors - Portfolio

Company Name	Weight	Score
Nissin Food Hldgs Co Ltd	0.39%	1.2
Idemitsu Kosan Co Ltd	0.58%	0.6
Nippon Gas Co Ltd	0.67%	0.4

Top Contributors - Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Score
Dai Nippon Printing Co Ltd	0.14%	10.0
Nippon Prologis Reit Inc	0.17%	10.0
Toppan Printing Co Ltd	0.11%	10.0

Worst Contributors - Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Score
Tohoku Electric Power Co Inc	0.07%	0.1
Chubu Electric Power Co Inc	0.17%	0.1
Tokyo Electric Power Co Hold	0.11%	0.0

Product Involvement



Product involvement is an approximate percentage of total revenue of companies' involvement in a range of products and business activities for screening purposes. The total levels for each involvement below is the weighted average of involvement levels in percentage of revenue and weight of the portfolio or benchmark

Product Classification		Portfolio (%)	Benchmark (%)	Active (%)
Restricted	Adult Entertainment	-	-	-
	Controversial Weapons	-	-	-
	Predatory Lending	-	-	-
	Thermal Coal	-	0.0	0.0
	Tobacco Products	-	0.6	-0.6
Monitored	Abortion	-	2.7	-2.7
	Alcoholic Beverages	-	0.7	-0.7
	Animal Testing	22.6	26.2	-3.6
	Arctic Oil & Gas Exploration	-	-	-
	Cannabis	-	-	-
	Contraceptives	0.9	1.1	-0.2
	Fur and Specialty Leather	-	-	-
	Gambling	0.2	-	0.2
	Genetically Modified Plants and Seeds	-	-	-
	Human Embryonic Stem Cell and Fetal Tissue	7.9	11.8	-3.9
	Military Contracting	-	-	-
	Nuclear	-	0.1	-0.1
	Oil & Gas	3.3	2.4	0.9
	Oil Sands	-	-	-
	Palm Oil	-	-	-
	Pesticides	-	0.0	0.0
	Pork Products	-	0.0	0.0
	Riot Control	-	-	-
	Shale Energy	-	-	-
	Small Arms	-	-	-
	Whale Meat	-	-	-
Source: Sustainalytics, Unigestion				

Controversies

Controversies identify involvement in incidents that may negatively impact the shareholders, the environment or company's operations. It is the weighted average of controversy scores (1 = low, 2 = moderate, 3 = significant, 4 = high, 5 = severe) and weight of portfolio and benchmark. E stands for Environmental, S for Social and G for Governance. Controversies are used to penalize the ESG score within our process. Source: Sustainalytics, Unigestion

		Portfolio	Benchmark	Active
Environmental	Environmental Supply Chain Incidents	0.2	0.1	0.1
	Operations Incidents	0.2	0.2	-0.1
	Product & Service Incidents	0.3	0.4	-0.1
Social	Customer Incidents	1.0	1.4	-0.3
	Employee Incidents	0.5	0.8	-0.3
	Social Supply Chain Incidents	0.3	0.3	-0.1
	Society & Community Incidents	0.3	0.5	-0.2
Governance	Business Ethics Incidents	0.6	0.8	-0.2
	Governance Incidents	0.1	0.3	-0.2
	Public Policy Incidents	0.0	0.0	

Highest Controversies

Portfolio

FULLUIO			
Company Name	Weight	Level	Controversy Subject
Japan Post	0.77%	4	Business Ethics Incidents
Fast Retailing Co	3.36%	3	Social Supply Chain Incidents/Employees - Human
Denso Corp	2.49%	3	Customer Incidents

Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Level	Controversy Subject
Toshiba Corp	0.45%	5	Business Ethics Incidents
Tokyo Electric	0.11%	5	Operations Incidents/Society & Community Incidents
Honda Motor Co	1.21%	4	Customer Incidents



Investment Universe Exclusions

In line with our "Responsible Investment" policy, we have 2 Pillars of bottom-up considerations starting with initial investment universe of the fund:

Pillar I: Norm-based Screening

Norm-based screening is the process of excluding companies associated with key social or environmental issues. According to the European Sustainable Investment Forum, it is the "screening of investments according to their compliance with international standards and norms".

Pillar II: Exclusionary Screening

Negative or exclusionary screening is the process of excluding companies from an investment universe based on our expectations regarding specific ESG-related risks.

This section does not include client specific exclusions.

Source: Sustainalytics, MSCI, Unigestion

	Nur	nber of excluded companies	Excluded weight as percentage
	Adult Entertainment	0	0.00%
	Controversial Weapons	0	0.00%
Pillar I	Predatory Lending	0	0.00%
	Thermal Coal	8	0.16%
	Tobacco Producers	1	0.60%
	UNGC non-compliant	2	0.46%
	High-carbon emitters	5	1.44%
Pillar II	Non-covered	37	0.33%
	Severe Controversy	2	0.46%
	Worst-in-class	44	8.43%
	Total (unique)	94	11.36%
	Universe	1000	100.00%
	% Universe	9.40%	11.36%

GHG Intensity

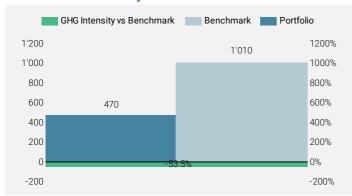


GHG Intensity is the total carbon emission divided by revenues (in tons of CO2 equivalent by USD millions of revenues). It includes direct and first tier indirect emissions. i.e. Scope 1 Emissions (Direct Emissions) + Scope 2 Emissions (Emissions of Energy suppliers) + Scope 3 Emissions (Emissions of supply chain).

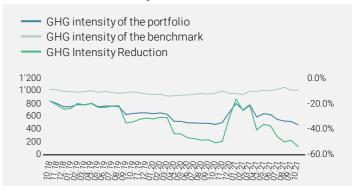
	Portfolio (tCO2/mio USD sales)	Benchmark (tCO2/mio USD sales)
Total GHG Intensity (Scopes 1+2+3)	471	1021
Scope 1 Intensity (own emissions)	22	43
Scope 2 intensity (Emissions of energy suppliers)	37	35
Scope 3 Intensity (Emissions of supply chain)	412	943

Source: TruCost, Unigestion

Current GHG Intensity

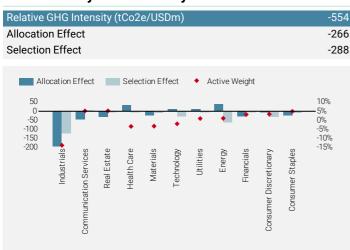


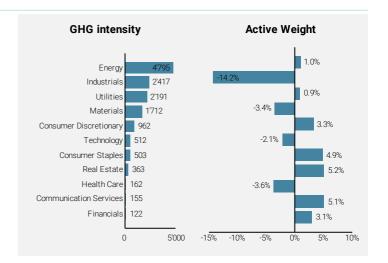
Historical GHG Intensity



Since March 2021, Scope 3 downstream has been integrated in our process.

GHG Intensity Attribution by Sector



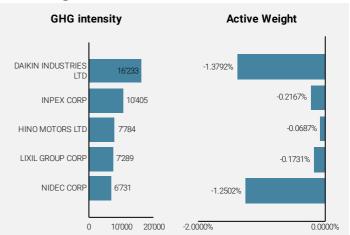


GHG Intensity Contributors

Top 5 Best/Worst Contributors vs Benchmark

Name	Active Weight	Carbon intensity	Relative contribution	Absolute contribution (%)
BRIDGESTONE CORP	1.51%	3'859	42.81	17.6%
RECRUIT HOLDINGS CO LTD	-2.28%	33	22.58	0.0%
SOFTBANK GROUP CORP	-1.65%	82	15.53	0.0%
MITSUBISHI UFJ FINANCIAL GRO	-1.69%	165	14.50	0.0%
TOKYO GAS CO LTD	0.91%	2'161	10.37	4.9%
TOYOTA MOTOR CORP	-4.73%	1'479	-21.67	0.0%
FAST RETAILING CO LTD	2.38%	101	-21.93	0.7%
MS&AD INSURANCE GROUP HOLDIN	2.49%	32	-24.65	0.2%
NIDEC CORP	-1.25%	6'731	-71.38	0.0%
DAIKIN INDUSTRIES LTD	-1.38%	16'233	-209.80	0.0%

Positioning in Worst 5 Stocks of Benchmark



Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics, TruCost.

Definitions

GHG Intensity

Total carbon emission divided by revenues (tons of CO2 equivalent by USD millions of revenue) (Scope 1 Emissions (Direct Emissions) + Scope 2 Emissions (Emissions of Energy suppliers) + Scope 3 Emissions (Emissions of supply chain))/mln \$ Revenue