ESG REPORT

As of 28 Feb 2021

Portfolio: Uni-Global - Equities Japan

Benchmark: MSCI Japan

Morningstar Sustainability Rating

UNIGESTION

Data Coverage

Data coverage is defined as the sum of the weight in portfolio and index with available data for each vendor.



Unigestion ESG Score

Unigestion ESG Score is a proprietary computation shown in percentile. 10 is the best in class and 0 the worst in class. Unigestion Trend is the difference between the average improvment of the company over the short term (6 months) and the long term (24 months). Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics, TruCost.

Score Distribution





Score Segregation

Unigestion ESG Score is comprised of 35% environmental criteria, 15% social criteria and 50% governance criteria. ESG score ranking is used in portfolio construction and the building blocks are as below:



Top/Bottom Stocks

Top Contributors - Portfolio

	- P			
Company Name	Weight	Score		
Nippon Prologis Reit Inc	0.91%	10.0		
Anritsu Corp	1.59%	9.9		
Keyence Corp	0.81%	9.8		

Worst Contributors - Portfolio

Company Name	Weight	Score
Sumco Corp	0.56%	1.9
Toyota Industries Corp	0.54%	1.9
Toyota Motor Corp	2.79%	1.6

Top Contributors - Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Score
Dai Nippon Printing Co Ltd	0.11%	10.0
Nippon Prologis Reit Inc	0.16%	10.0
Toppan Printing Co Ltd	0.10%	10.0

Worst Contributors - Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Score
Kansai Electric Power Co	0.17%	0.1
Chubu Electric Power Co Inc	0.20%	0.0
Tokyo Electric Power Co Hold	0.12%	0.0

Product Involvement



Product involvement is an approximate percentage of total revenue of companies' involvement in a range of products and business activities for screening purposes. The total levels for each involvement below is the weighted average of involvement levels in percentage of revenue and weight of the portfolio or benchmark

Product Classification		Portfolio (%)	Benchmark (%)	Active (%)
Restricted	Adult Entertainment	-	-	-
	Controversial Weapons	-	-	-
	Predatory Lending	-	-	-
	Thermal Coal	-	0.1	-0.1
	Tobacco Products	-	0.5	-0.5
Monitored	Abortion	0.3	0.9	-0.6
	Alcoholic Beverages	-	0.7	-0.7
	Animal Testing	18.9	18.9	0.0
	Arctic Oil & Gas Exploration	-	-	-
	Cannabis	-	-	-
	Contraceptives	-	-	-
	Fur and Specialty Leather	-	-	-
	Gambling	0.1	0.1	0.0
	Genetically Modified Plants and Seeds	-	-	-
	Human Embryonic Stem Cell and Fetal Tissue	2.2	5.2	-3.0
	Military Contracting	-	-	-
	Nuclear	-	0.2	-0.2
	Oil & Gas	2.8	2.5	0.3
	Oil Sands	-	-	-
	Palm Oil	-	-	-
	Pesticides	-	0.0	0.0
	Pork Products	-	0.0	0.0
	Riot Control	-	-	-
	Shale Energy	-	-	-
	Small Arms	-	-	-
	Whale Meat	-	-	-
ource: Sustainalytics Unidestion				

Source: Sustainalytics, Unigestion

Controversies

Controversies identify involvement in incidents that may negatively impact the shareholders, the environment or company's operations. It is the weighted average of controversy scores (1 = low, 2 = moderate, 3 = significant, 4 = high, 5 = severe) and weight of portfolio and benchmark. E stands for Environmental, S for Social and G for Governance. Controversies are used to penalize the ESG score within our process. Source: Sustainalytics, Unigestion

		Portfolio	Benchmark	Active
Environmental	Environmental Supply Chain Incidents	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Operations Incidents	0.2	0.2	-0.1
	Product & Service Incidents	0.4	0.4	
Social	Customer Incidents	1.0	1.3	-0.3
	Employee Incidents	0.6	0.7	-0.2
	Social Supply Chain Incidents	0.2	0.2	
	Society & Community Incidents	0.4	0.4	-0.1
Governance	Business Ethics Incidents	0.6	0.8	-0.3
	Governance Incidents	0.1	0.3	-0.2
	Public Policy Incidents	0.0	0.0	

Highest Controversies

Portfolio

	Portiollo					
Company Name		Weight	Level	Controversy Subject		
	Toyota Motor Corp	2.79%	3	Customer Incidents		
	Denso Corp	2.33%	3	Customer Incidents		
	Suzuki Motor Co	1.11%	3	Employee Incidents/Business Ethics Incidents/Labour		

Benchmark

Company Name	Weight	Level	Controversy Subject
Toshiba Corp	0.30%	5	Business Ethics Incidents
Tokyo Electric	0.12%	5	Operations Incidents/Society & Community Incidents
Honda Motor Co	1.11%	4	Customer Incidents



Investment Universe Exclusions

In line with our "Responsible Investment" policy, we have 2 Pillars of bottom-up considerations starting with initial investment universe of the fund:

Pillar I: Norm-based Screening

Norm-based screening is the process of excluding companies associated with key social or environmental issues. According to the European Sustainable Investment Forum, it is the "screening of investments according to their compliance with international standards and norms".

Pillar II: Exclusionary Screening

Negative or exclusionary screening is the process of excluding companies from an investment universe based on our expectations regarding specific ESG-related risks.

This section does not include client specific exclusions.

Source: Sustainalytics, MSCI, Unigestion

	Number of excluded		Excluded weight
		companies	as percentage
	Adult Entertainment	0	0.00%
	Controversial Weapons	0	0.00%
Pillar I	Predatory Lending	0	0.00%
	Thermal Coal	9	0.46%
	Tobacco Producers	1	0.52%
	UNGC non-compliant	2	0.36%
	High-carbon emitters	6	0.12%
Pillar II	Non-covered	44	0.40%
	Worst-in-class	40	3.70%
	Total (unique)	94	4.91%
	Universe	1000	100.00%
	% Universe	9.40%	4.91%

Sustainable Development Alignement (SDG)

SDG score indicates to what extend the portfolio or benchmark are aligned with 17 UN defined goals in terms of production and operation/management. Scores are from 0 to 100, the higher score the higher the alignement. It is the weighted average of the score. SDG scores are for monitoring purposes only and are not used in portfolio construction.

Source: Sustainalytics, Unigestion

Overall Score



GHG Intensity

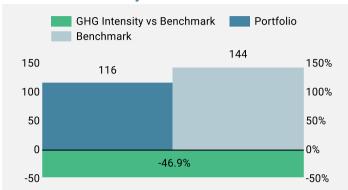


GHG Intensity is the total carbon emission divided by revenues (in tons of CO2 equivalent by USD millions of revenues). It includes direct and first tier indirect emissions. i.e. Scope 1 Emissions (Direct Emissions) + Scope 2 Emissions (Emissions of Energy suppliers) + Scope 3 Emissions (Emissions of supply chain).

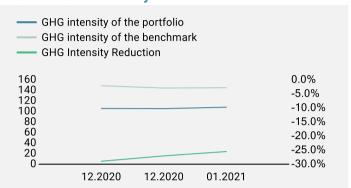
	Portfolio (tCO2/mio USD sales)	Benchmark (tCO2/mio USD sales)
Total GHG Intensity (Scopes1+2+3)	116	144
Scope 1 Intensity (own emissions)	20	47
Scope 2 intensity (Emissions of energy suppliers)	37	35
Scope 3 Emissions (Emissions of supply chain)	163	163

Source: TruCost, Unigestion

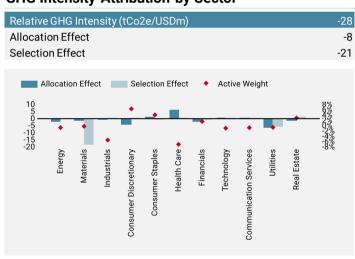
Current GHG Intensity

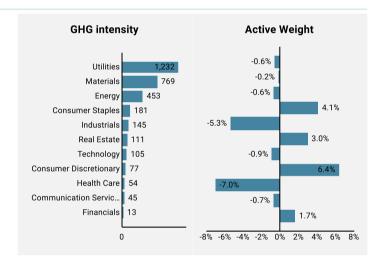


Historical GHG Intensity



GHG Intensity Attribution by Sector



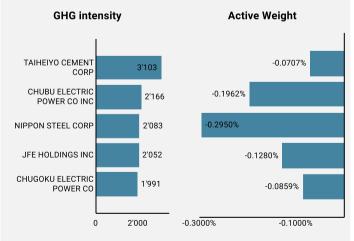


GHG Intensity Contributors

Top 5 Best/Worst Contributors vs Benchmark

Name	Active	Carbon	Relative	Absolute
	Weight	intensity	contribution	contribution (%)
MEIJI HOLDINGS CO LTD	1.02%	630	4.9	4 6.5%
SOFTBANK GROUP CORP	-3.61%	31	4.0	9 0.0%
MITSUBISHI UFJ FINANCIAL GRO	-1.59%	11	2.1	2 0.0%
RENGO CO LTD	0.62%	464	1.9	7 2.5%
RECRUIT HOLDINGS CO LTD	-1.07%	7	1.4	7 0.0%
TOKIO MARINE HOLDINGS INC	1.96%	7	-2.6	9 0.2%
MS&AD INSURANCE GROUP HOLDIN	2.30%	3	-3.2	5 0.1%
CHUBU ELECTRIC POWER CO INC	-0.20%	2'166	-3.9	7 0.0%
NIPPON STEEL CORP	-0.30%	2'083	-5.7	2 0.0%
SHIN-ETSU CHEMICAL CO LTD	-0.69%	1'096	-6.5	7.0%

Positioning in Worst 5 Stocks of Benchmark



Source: Unigestion, Sustainalytics, TruCost.

Definitions

GHG Intensity

Total carbon emission divided by revenues (tons of CO2 equivalent by USD millions of revenue)
Scope 1 Emissions (Direct Emissions) + Scope 2 Emissions (Emissions of Energy suppliers) + Scope 3
Emissions (Emissions of supply chain)